



Digitalization in Korea

- From Transition to Transformation -

KWAK, DONG KYUN KISDI Research Fellow Ph.D. in Mass Communications

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01. Introduction

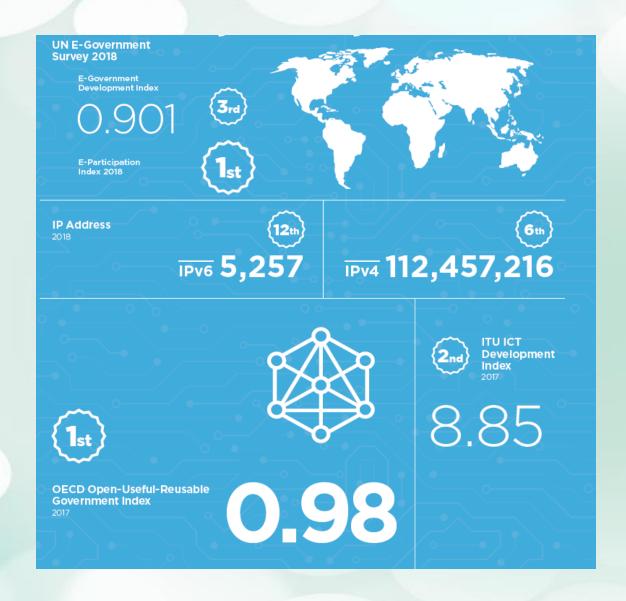
- A Brief Overview -

1-1. Korea is...

- High population density : 511/km² (22nd, as of 2019)
- One language, one nationality : cultural homogeneity
- Export-driven economic policy : car, semiconductor, PC, TV,
 smart phone, cosmetics, K-POP ...
- World best Internet: 28.6 Mbps(7.2Mbps), 98%(4+Mbps)
- High Smart Phone Usage : over 89.5% (as of 2017)
- High Pay TV subscription : over 92% (cable, satellite, IPTV)
- High Level of Political Awareness: Candlelight Revolution



1-1. Korea, a Highly Digitalized Country











1-2. Korea, an E&M Powerhouse in Asia (Korean Wave: Hallyu)

Drama





K-Pop







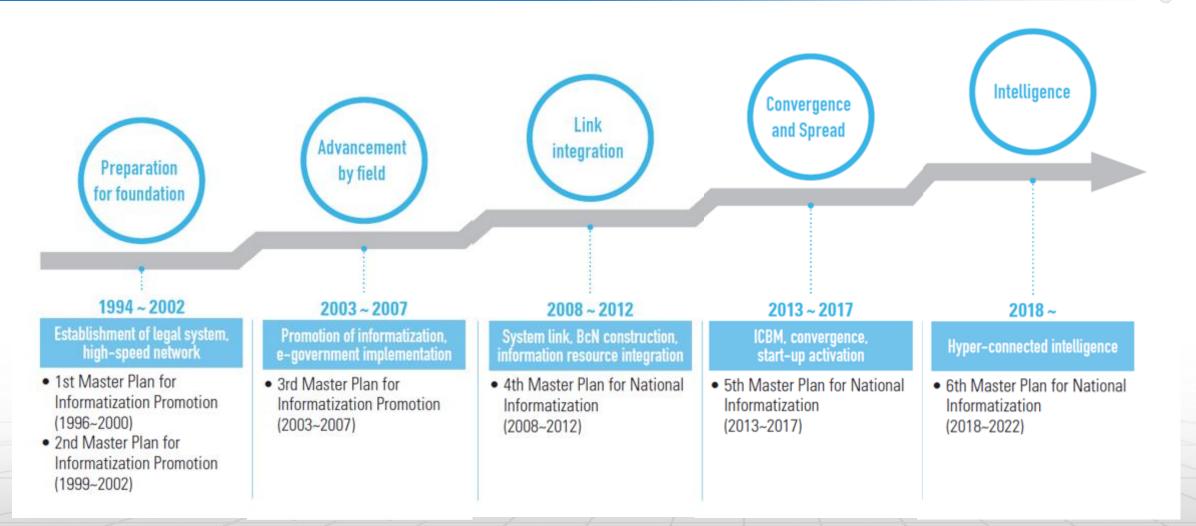




02. Korean Efforts toward Information Society



2-1. Master Plans toward Informatized Korea)





2-2. the Newest Master Plan

Korea to live well together with intelligence

Smart Country

Economic Rebound Trustworthy Society Intelligent Infrastructure

National
Digital
Transition
with
Intelligence

Finding
Growth
Engine with
Digital
Innovation

Creating
Peoplecentered
Intelligent
Information
Society

Establishing a
Foundation
for
Trust-based
Intelligence



2-3. Action Plans (1 & 2)

Smart Intelligent Country

- Establishment of intelligent infrastructure of public sector
- Happy Service based on people's experience
- Sustainable National Social Safety System
- Foundation for local living everyone wants to live in

Economic

Rebound

- Activation of the data economy
- Innovation based on intelligence
- Strengthening innovation capacity of SMVC
- Competitiveness of intelligent technology for innovation growth



2-4. Action Plans (3 & 4)

Trustworthy Society

- Training Digital Citizens of Intelligent Information Society
- Realizing Digital Inclusion
- Promotion of Intelligent Information Society Culture

Intelligent Infrastructure

- Establishment of Infrastructure Network to Enhance utilization of Intelligent Information Technology
- Expansion of Cyber Safety Country Base





03. Digital Inclusion in Korea



3-1. Realizing Digital Inclusion

Creating environment for information use without discrimination

Improving intelligent information skills for vulnerable class

Promoting participation of vulnerable groups in economic and social activities



3-2. Comparing Korea with Singapore in Digital Inclusion



Korea

- Environment for information use without discrimination
- Intelligent information skills for vulnerable class
- Participation of vulnerable groups in economic and social activities

Singapore

- Digital Access
- Digital Literacy
- Digital Participation
- Inclusion by Design



3-3. Implications

- ➤ Digital Inclusion looks narrower in Korea than in Singapore!
- **➤** Why does Korean case look like this?
- > Korea may be more interested in digitalization as a booster of

industry rather than as a social system for the people!





04. Conclusions



4-1. Mostly Successful!



➤ Being late in Industrialization, We should go ahead toward Informatization (since 1997~)

➤ Comprehensive Planning!

➤ Digital Transformation as well as digital inclusion (since 2017)



4-2. New challenges!

- > Fake News: Digital Literacy vs. Legal Enforcement
- ➤ Digital Unemployment: Replacement vs. Re-Creation
- **➤** Borderless Digital Economy: Whose Jurisdiction?
- ➤ Governance Problem: MIC KCC/MPAS/MKE MSICT/MPAS/KCC -?

➤ Can we survive these challenges?







Thank you! (dkkwak@kisdi.re.kr)