# **Big and Growing: Getting Indonesia Ready for e-Commerce**

Bridging the gap by developing Indonesia's digital economy

### <u>Overview</u>

### A Large & Growing Digital Economy

- Largest digital economy in Southeast Asia.
- Massive potential to still growing as digital transformation is still ongoing.
- E-Commerce flourished and is potentially still growing.



SIZE OF DIGITAL ECONOMY

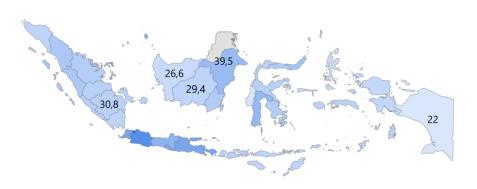
Source: Google, Temasek, & Bain & Company, 2020

### <u>Overview</u>

### The Indonesian Government is Overcoming the Challenges

- Internet is not evenly in a good quality & affordable, compared to ASEAN countries
- Digital competences are yet to be well-developed
- Some regulations are complex, while implementation remain weak.
- Indonesian government is striving to bridge the gap.

INDONESIA'S PROVINCIAL DIGITAL COMPETITIVENESS LEVEL



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Source: East Venture, 2021

### **DEA Readiness Scorecard**

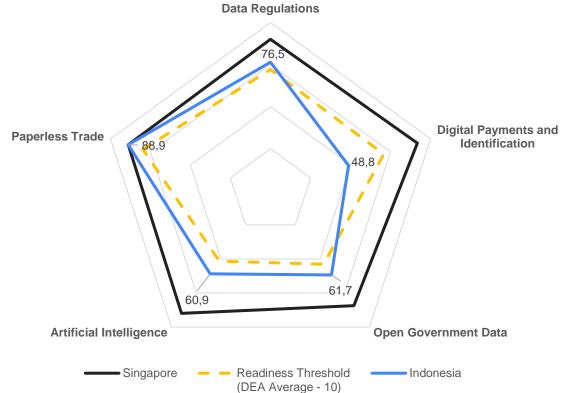
### Indonesia's Readiness for DEA Collaboration

### Ready for DEA

Data Regulations, Open Government, Paperless Trade and Artificial Intelligence are ready-tocollaborate sectors

### Not Ready for DEA

Digital payment and identification might need to be further developed



# **Paperless Trade**

- Indonesia has established a National Single Window (INSW) in 2008
- Indonesia has joined ASEAN Single Window (ASW) in 2019.
- Online Single Submission (OSS) is available for business registration
- Digital signatures has been implemented by the MOT for trade agreements.



# **Data Regulations**

- Cross-border data flows are allowed under Government Regulation no. 80/2019 (GR80)
- Data localisation are not mandatory for private firms under the Government Regulation no. 71/2019 (GR71)
- Still, a Personal Data Protection (PDP) Act is still on progress.
- Data protection remains lacking in implementation.



# **Open Government**

- Indonesia has initiated the Satu Data Indonesia (SDI) – an integrated data access point.
- SDI has not covered all data, instead each government institutions and ministries have their own PPID/data websites.
- Not all of the data are in ready-to-use format.
- BPS websites and MOT websites hosts useful and accessible trade data.

# Singapore 84.3 New Zealand 76.7 Australia 70.0 Indonesia 61.7 Chile 45.00

# **Artificial Intelligence**

- Al digital talent remains lacking and Al regulation is still absent.
- The Indonesian government attempts to upskill the digital competencies of many part of the communities.
- Indonesia established National Al strategy 2025 – the foundation for future Al regulation.



## **Digital Payments and Identification**

- Overall bank account ownership is yet-to-be optimal, let alone digital payment.
- Regardless, the number of digital payment is big.
- Digital identification exists, however, remains less interoperable.
- Blueprint for Indonesia Payment System 2025 (BSPI) sets the way forward.



### **DEA Readiness Scorecard**

# Summary



### Collaboration in Artificial Intelligence, Data Regulations, Open Government, and Paperless Trade is recommended

Paperless trade, open government are the two ready-tocollaborate aspects. Artificial intelligence, on the other hand, could be more explored based on its newest AI Strategic Plan 2025. Talks about data regulation could also be started based on the existing practices.

# Collaboration in Digital Payment and Identification might have to wait.

Indonesia still has to improve its digital payment. However, along with the establishment Blueprint of Indonesia's Payment System 2025 (BSPI), Indonesia is hoped to soon advance it's digital payment system.